A Foodscape of The Rockaways

UHF Neighborhood #410 (zip codes 11691, 11692, 11693, 11694, 11697)
Includes parts of City Council Districts 31, 32, and 42
About Foodscapes

Access to affordable and nutritious food is one of the cornerstones of good health. Without this, individuals—and communities—are at a higher risk of serious chronic diseases, including obesity, diabetes and heart disease. To improve the health of New Yorkers, we must recognize that each neighborhood has a distinct food environment.

Purpose

This Foodscape provides a community-level snapshot of that environment, including data on healthy and unhealthy food consumption, food access, and nutrition-related diseases. Additionally, the report details a sampling of the many resources available to residents within their neighborhoods to support them in eating healthier.

The Data

The data are presented by United Hospital Fund (UHF) neighborhoods, which are defined by the United Hospital Fund and consist of multiple adjacent zip codes. UHF neighborhoods are commonly used in research, including the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene’s Community Health Survey.

The reports also specify the City Council Districts that are part of each UHF, and districts often span several UHF neighborhoods. Council members and residents can then view the distinct neighborhoods within their districts, to compare and contrast both the needs and assets within each area. Recognizing that UHF neighborhoods are an imperfect way to capture council districts holistically, the hope is that future updates to the reports will use data more specific to each district.
The Rockaways is primarily Black.
Levels of educational attainment in The Rockaways are generally lower than New York City as a whole; 16% of neighborhood residents are college graduates (vs. 21% citywide).

Similar to New York City, about one in five residents lives in poverty and 10% are unemployed.
According to the 2015 U.S. Dietary Guidelines, Americans should eat five or more servings of fruits and vegetables each day.

Daily intake of fruits and vegetables is similar in The Rockaways and New York City overall. The vast majority of individuals consume between one and four servings of fruits or vegetables per day.

Federal dietary guidelines also recommend limiting daily sugar intake to no more than 10% of calories—that is, no more than 12 teaspoons of sugar for a 2000-calorie-a-day diet. One 12-ounce can of soda has about 10 teaspoons of sugar, and drinking one soda each day increases a person’s risk of developing diabetes by 18%.

Over one in five residents of The Rockaways consume one or more sugary drinks per day (slightly less than citywide, 24%). In this neighborhood, 41% of residents consume none (vs. 45% in NYC).
Access to Healthy Food and Food Security in The Rockaways

Walking distance to fruits and vegetables is an indicator of access to healthy foods. Although access alone may not be sufficient to improve health, studies have found an association between better access and improved diet quality and other health indicators.³

In The Rockaways, only 34% of residents live within a five-minute walk to fresh produce, compared to 49% citywide.

Food security means having consistent access to safe, nutritious, and affordable food. The use of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits, or food stamps, is an indicator of food insecurity; the majority of households that receive SNAP are food insecure.⁴

The U.S. Census Bureau estimates that 12.8% of all households in the United States received SNAP benefits at some point in 2015.

In The Rockaways, 28% of households receive SNAP benefits, higher than New York City overall (21%).

Walking Distance to Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

- **34%** live 5 minutes or less
- **19%** live between 5-10 minutes
- **43%** live 10 minutes or more

Households Receiving SNAP Benefits

- **28%**
- **21%** citywide
In The Rockaways, the prevalence of childhood obesity is slightly higher than New York City overall (24% vs. 21%). Children who are obese are more likely to remain obese as adults. When children remain obese into adulthood their risk for heart disease and other comorbidities becomes more severe.

Adult obesity in this neighborhood is also higher than citywide (34% vs 24%). Obesity can lead to serious health conditions, including diabetes and heart disease.

Diabetes prevalence is slightly higher in The Rockaways (14% vs. 12% citywide). Uncontrolled diabetes can cause blindness, renal disease, and amputations.

Additionally, a higher percentage of neighborhood residents have high blood pressure (37% vs. 29% in NYC), a leading risk factor for heart disease.
Citywide Initiatives to Increase Access to Healthy Foods in The Rockaways

GreenThumb Gardens
There are over 600 GreenThumb community gardens across the city, and any resident can join a garden. In The Rockaways, there are six GreenThumb Gardens (which total more than 100,000 square feet), four of which grow food. Find the most up-to-date list of gardens using GreenThumb’s searchable Garden Map.

Grow to Learn Gardens
Grow to Learn NYC is a school gardens initiative that includes more than 600 registered network schools throughout the city. In The Rockaways, there are three Grow to Learn—registered network schools. Find the most up-to-date list of school gardens using Grow to Learn’s searchable Garden Maps.

Farmers’ Markets
All locations, unless otherwise noted, accept SNAP/EBT.* For an updated list of farmers’ markets near you (including days/hours of operation) visit nyc.gov/health and search “farmers markets” or text “SoGood” to 877-877.

Far Rockaway Youth Market -- Beach 45th St & Beach Channel Dr

Rockaway Beach Youthmarket -- Beach 58th St & Beach Channel Dr

SNAP Enrollment Sites
There are no SNAP enrollment sites in The Rockaways. The closest sites are in Jamaica or Coney Island.

Jamaica -- 165-08 88th Ave, 3rd Fl, Jamaica, 11432

Coney Island -- 2857-2865 West 8th St, 1st Fl, Brooklyn, 11224

*SNAP is the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (formerly food stamps); EBT, electronic benefit transfer.
Free Summer Meals

The New York City Department of Education offers free breakfast and lunch to children ages 18 and under at more than 1,100 sites across the city throughout the summer. Food served at summer meal sites meets federal nutrition requirements and the program is fully funded by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Find the most up-to-date list of summer meal sites at schoolfoodnyc.org or download the free smartphone app SchoolFood: Feed Your Mind.

Meal Sites in The Rockaways:

P.S. 043 -- 160 BEACH 29th St, Queens, 11691
P.S. 104 The Bays Water School -- 26-01 Mott Ave, Queens, 11691
Bayswater Park -- Beach Channel Dr and Bay 32 St and Dwight Ave, Queens, 11691
Queens Library (Far Rockaway) -- 1637 Central Ave, Queens, 11691
Queens Library (Arverne) -- 312 Beach 54th St, Queens, 11692
P.S. 183 Dr. Richard R. Green -- 2-45 Beach 79th St, Queens, 11693
Queens Library (Seaside) -- 116-15 Rockaway Beach Blvd, Queens, 11694

FRESH: Zoning and Discretionary Tax Incentives

The Food Retail Expansion to Support Health (FRESH) program offers zoning and financial incentives to promote the creation and maintenance of grocery stores in underserved neighborhoods.

FRESH benefits are available to stores within designated areas; tax incentives are discretionary and available on a case-by-case basis. To receive FRESH benefits, stores must provide at least:

- 6,000 square feet of retail space for grocery products;
- 50% of a general line of food products intended for home usage;
- 30% of retail space for perishable goods; and
- 500 square feet of retail space for fresh produce.

Find out more on the nyc.gov website.
The New York City Food Policy Center at Hunter College develops intersectoral, innovative and evidence-based solutions to preventing diet-related diseases and promoting food security in New York City and beyond. The Center works with policy makers, community organizations, advocates, and the public to create healthier, more sustainable food environments and to use food to promote community and economic development. Through interdisciplinary research, policy analysis, evaluation, and education, we leverage the expertise and passion of the students, faculty and staff of Hunter College. The center aims to make New York a model for smart, fair food policy.

Data Sources

Page 3


Page 4


Page 5

Page 6


Page 7

New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. NYC Fitnesgram: Weight status by student home UHF, school year 2012-13.

References


